

## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <a href="http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content">http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content</a>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

# FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

#### CHINA.

### HONGKONG-Plague.

In a telegram received May 3 the American consul at Hongkong reports the presence of plague.

#### TSINGTAU-Smallpox.

Consul McNally reports, March 17:

During the past week there were reported among Chinese in one section of the city 98 cases of smallpox. The disease is rapidly assuming epidemic form.

Typhus fever is present.

#### CUBA.

#### Transmissible Diseases.

The following statement of transmissible diseases in the island of Cuba, issued by the national department of sanitation, was forwarded by Acting Asst. Surg. Villoldo, at Habana, April 18.

#### MARCH 20-31, 1911.

	New cases.	Deaths.	Remain- ing under treat- ment.
Tuberculosis	105	77	2,519
Leprosy	12	4	352
Malaria.	42	3	112
Typhoid fever	18	7	42
Diphtheria	39	6	31
Scarlet fever	28		39
Measles.	214	1	368
Varicella	94		95
Rabies	2	2	
Tetanus in the new born	5	5	1 3

#### ECUADOR.

## Plague and Yellow Fever.

Passed Asst. Surg. Parker at Guayaquil reports April 6:

MONTH OF MARCH, 1911.

Plague.—At Guayaquil there were reported 18 cases of plague with 9 deaths, a decrease of 18 as compared with the previous month; at Duran 1 case with 1 death; at Milagro 1 case.

May 5, 1911 662

Yellow fever.—At Guayaquil there were reported 41 cases with 14 deaths, a decrease of 10 as compared with the previous month; at Naranjito 3 cases with 1 death; at Hacienda San Antonio 1 case with 1 death.

#### GIBRALTAR.

#### Quarantine Against Madeira Removed.

According to a notice issued by the board of health of Gibraltar and forwarded by Consul Sprague restrictions against arrivals from Madeira on account of cholera were removed April 5.

#### HAWAII.

#### Cholera at Honolulu.

Chief Quarantine Officer Ramus reports the occurrence on April 25 of 2 deaths from cholera, making a total from the beginning of the present outbreak, April 12, of 8 cases with 7 deaths.

## Record of Plague Infection.

Last case of human plague at Honolulu occurred July 12, 1910. The last plague-infected rat was found at Aiea, 9 miles from Honolulu, April 12, 1910.

At Hilo the last case of human plague occurred March 23, 1910. A fatal case occurred at Honokaa, 60 miles from Hilo, December 17, 1910, 2 fatal cases were reported January 31, 1911, and 1 fatal case was reported April 19.

The last plague-infected rat was found at Honokaa, February 2,

1911.

Chief Quarantine Officer Ramus reports April 3:

## HONOLULU.

## Week ended April 1, 1911.

Total rats and mongoose taken	
Mongoose trapped	18
Examined bacteriologically	707
Classification of rats trapped:	
	99
Mus musculus	
Mus norvegicus	68
Mus rattus	
Average number of traps set daily	1,720

#### INDIA.

## CALCUTTA-Cholera, Plague, and Smallpox.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Allan reports March 30:

During the week ended March 11 there were reported in Calcutta 40 deaths from cholera, 23 from plague, and 2 from smallpox; in all Bengal, 5,244 cases of plague with 4,417 deaths; in all India, 36,101 cases of plague with 31,054 deaths.